

# Problem Solving 7

Lecture 18 May 16, 2021

- **Q1.**  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are two circles of radii 3 and 1, respectively, such that the distance between their centers is 10. Let  $S$  be the set of points in the plane that are the middle point of a line segment with one end on  $C_1$  and the other end on  $C_2$ .

What is the area of  $S$ ?

- Q2. Consider the sequence defined by  $a_{n+1} = 2a_n + 5$  and  $a_1 = 1$ .
- Which of the following numbers will appear in this sequence
  
- 562301
- 786427
- 16485
- 3123
- 51519

- Q3. In a factory, every worker is friend with some other workers and his/her salary is equal to the average of the salary of his/her friends. Which of the followings is correct:
  - There is one worker whose salary is equal to the average of the salary of all others.
  - No one earns more than twice of any other person.
  - All the salaries are the same
  - Every two friends earn the same
  - None

- Q4. Suppose  $x, y, z$  are 3 real numbers such that  $xyz(x + y + z) = 1$ .
- What is the minimum possible value of  $(x + y)(y + z)$ ?

- **Q5.** Let  $M$  be a point inside the triangle  $ABC$ . Which of the following statements about the value of  $|AM| + |BM| + |CM|$  is always true:
  - It is always smaller than the largest side of  $ABC$
  - It is always smaller than the sum of the largest two sides of  $ABC$
  - It is always more than the sum of the smallest two sides of  $ABC$
  - It is always larger than 3 times the radius of circumscribed circle of  $ABC$
  - It is always smaller than the sum of the two largest heights of  $ABC$

- Q6. Suppose that the numbers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{2021}$  are a permutation of  $1, 2, \dots, 2021$ .

Let  $L = |a_1 - 1| \times |a_2 - 2| \times \dots \times |a_{2021} - 2021|$ .

Which numbers between 1 to 10 can appear as a value of  $L$ ?

- **Q7.** Suppose  $a_1$  is a natural number. For  $n > 1$  define  $a_{n+1}$  to be the largest prime number dividing  $a_n+1$ . We say  $a_1$  is good if the sequence  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  is eventually periodic. Which of the following statements is correct:
  - There are only finitely many good numbers.
  - There are infinitely many bad numbers
  - All numbers are good
  - All numbers are bad
  - There are bad numbers, but only finitely many